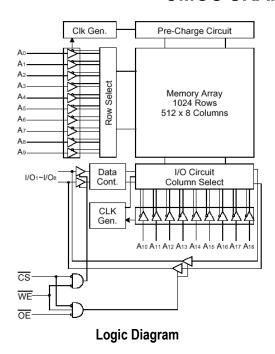


# FEATURES:

- Rad-Pak® Technology radiation-hardened against natural space radiation
- 524,288 x 8 bit organization
- Total dose hardness:
  - > 100 krad (Si), depending upon space mission
- Excellent Single Event Effect
- SEL<sub>TH</sub>: > 68 MeV/mg/cm<sup>2</sup>
- · SEU<sub>TH</sub>: = 3 MeV/mg/cm<sup>2</sup>
  - SEU saturated cross section: 6E-9 cm<sup>2</sup>/bit
- Package:
  - 32-Pin Rad-Pak® flat pack
  - 32-Pin Non-Rad-Pak® flat pack
- · Fast access time:
  - 20, 25, 30 ns maximum times available
- Single 5V <u>+</u> 10% power supply
- · Fully static operation
  - No clock or refresh required
- Three state outputs
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Low power:
  - Standby: 60 mA (TTL); 10 mA (CMOS)
  - Operation: 180 mA (20 ns); 170 mA (25 ns);
     160 mA (30 ns)

# 33C408 4 Megabit (512K x 8-Bit) CMOS SRAM



## **DESCRIPTION:**

Maxwell Technologies' 33C408 high-density 4 Megabit SRAM microcircuit features a greater than 100 krad (Si) total dose tolerance, depending upon space mission. Using Maxwell's radiation-hardened Rad-Pak® packaging technology, the 33C408 realizes a high density, high performance, and low power consumption. Its fully static design eliminates the need for external clocks, while the CMOS circuitry reduces power consumption and provides higher reliability. The 33C408 is equipped with eight common input/output lines, chip select and output enable, allowing for greater system flexibility and eliminating bus contention. The 33C408 features the same advanced 512K x 8-bit SRAM, high-speed, and low-power demand as the commercial counterpart.

Maxwell Technologies' patented Rad-Pak packaging technology incorporates radiation shielding in the microcircuit package. It eliminates the need for box shielding while providing the required radiation shielding for a lifetime in orbit or space mission. In a GEO orbit, Rad-Pak provides greater than 100 krad (Si) radiation dose tolerance. This product is available with screening up to Class S.

TABLE 1. PINOUT DESCRIPTION

Pin	Symbol	Description
12-5, 27, 26, 23, 25, 4, 28, 3, 31, 2, 30, 1	A0-A18	Address Inputs
29	WE	Write Enable
22	CS	Chip Select
24	ŌĒ	Output Enable
13-15, 17-21	I/O 1-I/O 8	Data Inputs/Outputs
32	V <sub>CC</sub>	Power (+5.0V)
16	V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground

TABLE 2. 33C408 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Voltage on V <sub>CC</sub> supply relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5	7.0	V
Voltage on any pin relative to V <sub>SS</sub>	$V_{IN}, V_{OUT}$	-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V
Power Dissipation	$P_{D}$		1.0	W
Storage Temperature	T <sub>S</sub>	-65	+150	°C
Operating Temperature	T <sub>A</sub>	-55	+125	°C

TABLE 3. DELTA LIMITS

Parameter	Variation
I <sub>CC1</sub>	±10% of stated vaule in Table 6
I <sub>CC2</sub>	±10% of stated vaule in Table 6
I <sub>CC3</sub>	±10% of stated vaule in Table 6
I <sub>LI</sub>	±10% of stated vaule in Table 6

### TABLE 4. 33C408 RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

( $V_{CC}$  = 5.0  $\pm$  10%,  $T_A$  = -55 to +125 °C, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	4.5	5.5	V
Ground	V <sub>SS</sub>	0	0	V
Input High Voltage <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V
Input Low Voltage <sup>2</sup>	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.5	0.8	V
Thermal Impedance	$\Theta_{ extsf{JC}}$		1.21	°C/W

<sup>1.</sup>  $V_{IH}$  (max) =  $V_{CC}$  +2.0V ac (pulse width  $\leq$  10 ns) for I  $\leq$  20 mA

# TABLE 5. 33C408 CAPACITANCE

 $(f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}, dV = 3.0V, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C)$ 

PARAMETER	Symbol	Test Conditions	Мах	Units
Input Capacitance <sup>1</sup> <u>CS1 - CS4,</u> OE, WE I/O0-7, I/O8-15, I/O16-23, I/O24-31	C <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 V	7 28 7	pF
Input / Output Capacitance1	C <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0 V	8	pF

<sup>1.</sup> Guaranteed by design.

# TABLE 6. 33C408 DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%, T_A = -55 \text{ to } +125 ^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise specified})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Mın	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>LI</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$	-2	2	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	I <sub>LO</sub>	$\overline{\text{CS}}$ =V <sub>IH</sub> or $\overline{\text{OE}}$ =V <sub>IH</sub> or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ =V <sub>IL</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub> to V <sub>CC</sub>	-2	2	μΑ
Output Low Voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA		0.4	V
Output High Voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -4mA	2.4		V
Operating Current -20 -25 -30	I <sub>cc</sub>	Min cycle, 100% Duty, $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}$ , $\text{I}_{\text{OUT}} = \text{0mA}$ , $\text{V}_{\text{IN}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}$ or $\text{V}_{\text{IL}}$	  	180 170 160	mA
Standby Power Supply Current	I <sub>SB</sub>	CS = V <sub>IH</sub> , Min Cycle		60	mA
Input Capacitance 1	C <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, f = 1MHz, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		7	pF

<sup>2.</sup>  $V_{IL}$  (min) = -2.0V ac(pulse width  $\leq$  10 ns) for I  $\leq$  20 mA

### Table 6. 33C408 DC Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{CC}$  = 5V  $\pm$  10%,  $T_A$  = -55 to +125 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	SYMBOL	CONDITION	Min	Max	Unit
Output Capacitance 1	C <sub>I/O</sub>	V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0V		8	pF

#### 1. Guaranteed by design.

### TABLE 7. 33C408 AC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

( $V_{CC}$  = 5.0  $\pm$  10%,  $T_A$  = -55 to +125 °C, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	Mın	Түр	Max	Units
Input Pulse Level	0.0		3.0	V
Output Timing Measurement Reference Level			1.5	V
Input Rise/Fall Time			3.0	ns
Input Timing Measurement Reference Level			1.5	V

# TABLE 8. 33C408 AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR READ CYCLE

( $V_{CC}$  = 5V  $\pm$  10%,  $T_A$  = -55 to +125 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Mın	Түр	Max	Unit
Read Cycle Time	t <sub>RC</sub>				ns
-20		20			
-25		25			
-30		30			
Address Access Time	t <sub>AA</sub>				ns
-20				20	
-25				25	
-30				30	
Chip Select Access Time	t <sub>co</sub>				ns
-20				20	
-25				25	
-30				30	
Output Enable to Output Valid	t <sub>OE</sub>				
-20				10	ns
-25				12	
-30				14	
Chip Enable to Output in Low-Z	t <sub>LZ</sub>				ns
-20			3		
-25			3 3 3		
-30			3		
Output Enable to Output in Low-Z	t <sub>OLZ</sub>				ns
-20			0		
-25			0		
-30			0		

### Table 8. 33C408 AC Characteristics for Read Cycle

( $V_{CC}$  = 5V  $\pm$  10%,  $T_A$  = -55 to +125 °C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	Symbol	Mın	Түр	Max	Unit
Chip Deselect to Output in High-Z -20 -25	t <sub>HZ</sub>		5 6		ns
-30			8		
Output Disable to Output in High-Z -20 -25 -30	t <sub>OHZ</sub>	  	5 6 8	  	ns
Output Hold from Address Change -20 -25 -30	t <sub>OH</sub>	3 5 6	  	  	ns
Chip Select to Power Up Time -20 -25 -30	t <sub>PU</sub>	  	0 0 0	  	ns
Chip Select to Power Down Time -20 -25 -30	t <sub>PD</sub>		10 15 20	  	ns

# Table 9. 33C408 Functional Description

CS	WE	ŌĒ	Mode	I/O PIN	SUPPLY CURRENT
Н	X1	X1	Not Select	High-Z	I <sub>SB</sub> , I <sub>SB1</sub>
L	Н	Н	Output Disable	High-Z	I <sub>cc</sub>
L	Н	L	Read	D <sub>OUT</sub>	I <sub>cc</sub>
L	L	X1	Write	D <sub>IN</sub>	I <sub>cc</sub>

<sup>1.</sup> X = don't care.

# Table 10. 33C408 AC Characteristics for Write Cycle

( $V_{CC}$  = 5V  $\pm$  10%,  $T_A$  = -55 to +125 °C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	Symbol	Min	Түр	Max	Unit
Write Cycle Time	t <sub>wc</sub>				ns
-20		20			
-25		25			
-30		30			

# 4 Megabit (512K x 8-Bit) CMOS SRAM

### TABLE 10. 33C408 AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR WRITE CYCLE

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V  $\pm$  10%, T<sub>A</sub> = -55 to +125 °C, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	Mın	Түр	Max	Unit
Chip Select to End of Write -20 -25 -30	t <sub>CW</sub>	14 15 17	  	  	ns
Address Setup Time -20 -25 -30	t <sub>AS</sub>	0 0 0	  	 	ns
Address Valid to End of Write -20 -25 -30	t <sub>AW</sub>	14 15 17	  	  	ns
Write Pulse Width (OE High) -20 -25 -30	t <sub>WP</sub>	14 15 17	  	 	ns
Write Recovery Time -20 -25 -30	t <sub>WR</sub>	0 0 0	  	  	ns
Write to Output in High-Z -20 -25 -30	t <sub>wHZ</sub>	  	5 5 6	  	ns
Write Pulse Width (OE Low) -20 -25 -30	t <sub>WP1</sub>	  	22 24 26	  	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap -20 -25 -30	t <sub>DW</sub>	9 10 11	  	 	ns
End Write to Output Low-Z -20 -25 -30	t <sub>ow</sub>	  	6 7 8	 	ns
Data Hold from Write Time -20 -25 -30	t <sub>DH</sub>	0 0 0	  	  	ns

FIGURE 1. AC TEST LOADS

# **AC TEST LOADS**

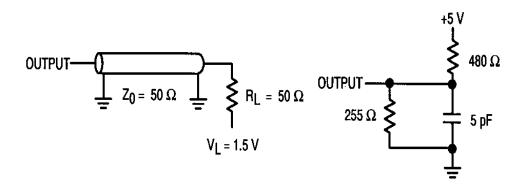


Figure 1A

Figure 1B

FIGURE 2. TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(1)

TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(1) (Address Controlled, CS=OE=VIL, WE=VIH)

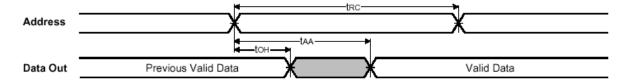
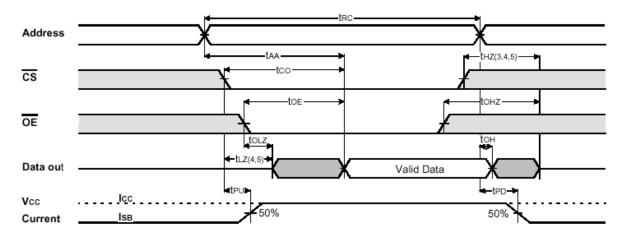


FIGURE 3. TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE (2)

#### TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(2) (WE=VIH)



#### Read Cycle Notes:

- 1. WE is high for read cycle.
- All read cycle timing is referenced form the last valid address to the first transition address.
- t<sub>HZ</sub> and t<sub>OHZ</sub> are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit condition and are not referenced to V<sub>OH</sub> or V<sub>OL</sub> levels.
- $\underline{4}$ . At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZ(max)}$  is less than  $t_{LZ(min)}$  both for a given device and from device to device.
- 5. Transition is measured + 200mV from steady state voltage with Load(B). This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- <u>6</u>. Device is continuously selected with  $CS = V_{\parallel}$
- 7. Address valid prior to coincident with CS transition low.
- 8. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention condition is necessary during read and write cycle.

FIGURE 4. TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(1)

### TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(1) (OE= Clock)

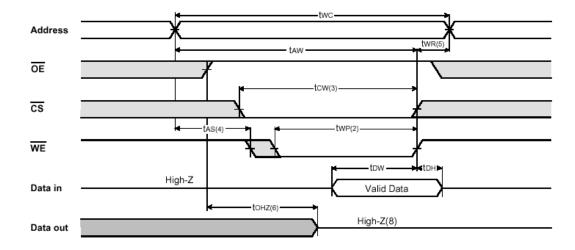


FIGURE 5. TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(2)

### TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(2) (OE=Low Fixed)

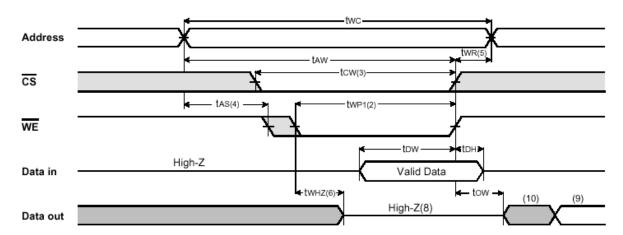
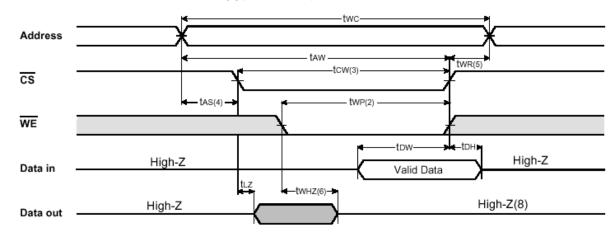


FIGURE 6. TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE (3)

#### TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(3) (CS = Controlled)



#### WRITE CYCLE NOTE:

- 1. All write cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
- A write occurs during the overlap of a low \overline{\overline{CS}} and a low \overline{\overline{WE}}. A write begins at the latest transition among \overline{\overline{CS}} going low and \overline{\overline{WE}} going low: A write ends at the earliest transition among \overline{\overline{CS}} going high and \overline{\overline{WE}} going high. t,, is measured from beginning of write to the end of write.
- $\underline{3}$ .  $t_{\text{cw}}$  is measured from the later of  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  going low to end of write.
- $\underline{4}$ .  $t_{ks}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 5. t<sub>ss</sub> is measured form the end of write to the address change. TWR applied in case a write ends as  $\overline{\text{CS}}$ , or  $\overline{\text{WR}}$  going high.

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- 6. If  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  are in the Read Mode during this period, the I/O pins are in the output low-Z state. Inputs of opposite phase of the output must not be applied because bus contention can occur.
- <u>7</u>. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.
- $\underline{8}$ .  $\underline{\mathsf{IC}}$   $\underline{\mathsf{CS}}$  goes low simultaneously with  $\underline{\mathsf{WE}}$  going low or after  $\underline{\mathsf{WE}}$  going low, the outputs remain high impedance state.
- 9. D<sub>out</sub> is the read data of the new address.
- 10. When  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  is low: I/O pins are in the output state. The input signals in the opposite phase leading to the output should not be applied.

FIGURE 7. SRAM HEAVY ION CROSS SECTION

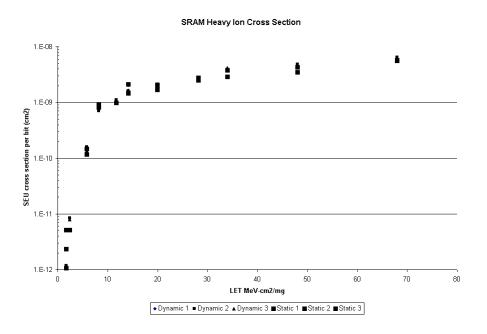
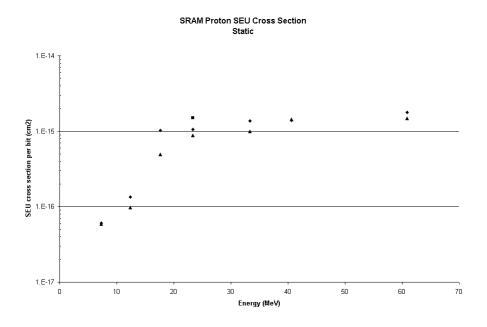
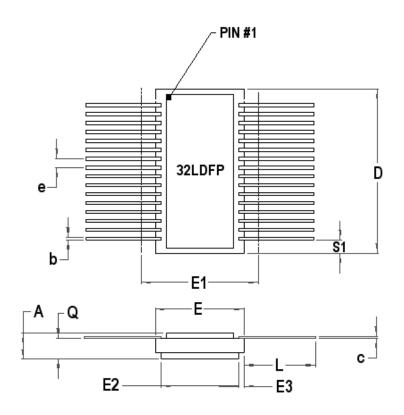


FIGURE 8. SRAM PROTON SEU CROSS SECTION STATIC





32 PIN RAD-PAK® FLAT PACKAGE

Symbol	DIMENSION				
	Мім	Nом	Max		
А	0.120	0.135	0.155		
b	0.013	0.015	0.020		
С	0.008	0.010	0.012		
D		0.930	0.940		
E	0.635	0.645	0.655		
E1			0.690		
E2	0.550	0.565	-		
E3	0.030	0.040	-		
е	0.050 BSC				
L	0.390	0.400	0.410		
Q	0.026	0.098			
S1	0.005	0.082	-		
N	32				

F32-06

Note: All dimensions in inches

4 Megabit (512K x 8-Bit) CMOS SRAM

33C408

Important Notice:

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