

1.5A High Current Low Dropout Voltage Regulator Adjustable & Fix Output

B29150 Preliminary Information

Description

The Bay Linear B29150 is a 1.5A high accuracy, low dropout voltage regulator with only 350mV(Typ.)@ 1.5A). The B29150 is designed for low voltage application that requires lower dropout voltage and faster transient response. This device is an excellent choice for use in powering low voltage microprocessor that require a lower dropout, faster transient response to regulate from +2.5V to 3.8V supplies and as a post regulator for switching supplies applications.

The B29150 offers full protection against over-current faults, reversed input polarity, reversed load insertion, and positive and negative transient voltage. On-Chip trimming adjusts the reference voltage to 1%. Features such as Enable pin, Error Flag pin are also included in the 5 pin packages. The B29150 is offered in a new LPDD (Low Profile TO-263) package from 4.47 mm (DD) tickness down to only 1.27 mm (LPDD) total tickness.

The B29150 are offered in a 3 & 5-pin TO-220 & TO-263 package compatible with other 3 terminal regulators. For a 3A low dropout regulator refer to the B39300 data sheet.

Features

- Adjustable & Fix Output
- 1% output accuracy @2.5V, 3.3V, @ 5.0V
- Output Current of 1.5A
- Low Dropout Voltage of 350mV @ 1.5A
- Extremely Tight Load & Line Regulation
- Reverse-battery and "Load Dump" Protection
- Zero Current Shutdown Mode (5-pin version)
- Error Flag Signal Output-of-Regulation (5-pin version)
- Offer in TO-263, TO-220, & New Slim LPDD
- Similar to industry Standard MIC29150

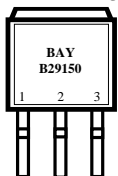
Applications

- Powering VGA & Sound Card
- LCD Monitor
- USB Power Supply
- SMPS Post Regulator
- High Efficiency "Green" Computer System
- Adjustable Power Supply

Pin Connection

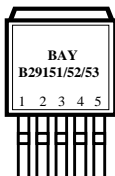


TO-263-3 Package



V_{IN} GND V_{OUT}
Front View

TO-263-5 Package



Top View

B29151

- 1) ENABLE
- 2) INPUT
- 3) GND
- 4) OUTPUT
- 5) FLAG

B29152

- 1) ENABLE
- 2) INPUT
- 3) GND
- 4) OUTPUT
- 5) ADJUST

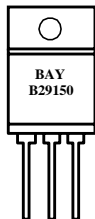
B29153

- 1) FLAG
- 2) INPUT
- 3) GND
- 4) OUTPUT
- 5) ADJUST

Ordering Information

Devices	Package	Temp.
B29150T	TO-220-3	-40 °C to 125 °C
B29151/2/3T	TO-220-5	-40 °C to 125 °C
B29150S	TO-263-3	-40 °C to 125 °C
B29151/2/3S	TO-263-5	-40 °C to 125 °C
B29150J	LPDD-3	-40 °C to 125 °C
B29151/2/3J	LPDD-5	-40 °C to 125 °C

TO-220-3 Package



V_{IN} GND V_{OUT}
Front View

TO-220-5 Package



Top View

B29151

- 1) ENABLE
- 2) INPUT
- 3) GND
- 4) OUTPUT
- 5) FLAG

B29152

- 1) ENABLE
- 2) INPUT
- 3) GND
- 4) OUTPUT
- 5) ADJUST

B29153

- 1) FLAG
- 2) INPUT
- 3) GND
- 4) OUTPUT
- 5) ADJUST

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Lead Temp. (Soldering, 5 Seconds) 260°C
 Storage Temperature Range -65° to +150°C
 Operating Junction Temperature Range
 B29150/51/52/53 Control Section -45°C +125°C
 B29150/51/52/53 Power Transistor -45°C +150°C

Input Voltage..... 26V
 Maximum Output Current 3.5A
 Input Supply Voltage (Note1) (Survival)-20V to +60V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (NOTE 1) at $I_{OUT} = 10\text{mA}$, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	Typ	B29150/51/52/53		Units
			Min	Max	
2.5V Version					
Output Voltage (Note 2)	I _{OUT} = 10mA 10mA ≤I _{OUT} ≤1.5A, 4.75V≤V _{IN} ≤26V	2.5 2.5	2.475 2.450	2.525 2.550	V
3.3V Version2.					
Output Voltage (Note 2)	I _{OUT} = 10mA 10mA ≤I _{OUT} ≤1.5A, 4.75V≤V _{IN} ≤26V	3.3 3.3	3.267 3.234	3.330 3.366	V
5.0V Version					
Output Voltage (Note 2)	I _{OUT} = 10mA 10mA ≤I _{OUT} ≤1.5A, 5.5V≤V _{IN} ≤26V	5.0 5.0	4.95 4.90	5.05 5.10	V
All Voltage Options					
Line Regulation	I _O = 10mA, (V _{OUT} + 1V) ≤ V _{IN} ≤ 26V	0.06		0.5	%
Load Regulation	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} + 5V, 10mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ I _{FULLLOAD} (Note 2, 6)	0.2		1	%
$\frac{\Delta V^{\circ}}{\Delta T}$	Output Voltage (Note 6) Temperature Coef.	20		100	ppm/°C
Dropout Voltage	I _O = 100mA	80		200	mV
	I _O = 750mA	220			
	I _O = 1.5A	350		600	
Ground Current	I _O = 750mA, V _{IN} = V _{OUT} , +1V I _O = 1.5A	8 25		20	mA
I _{GNDDO} Ground Pin Current at Dropout	V _{IN} = 0.5V less than specified V _{OUT} I _{OUT} = 10mA	0.9			mA
Current Limit	V _{OUT} = 0V (Note 4)	1.7	1.5		A
Output Noise Voltage (10Hz to 100kHz) I _L = 100mA	C _L = 10μF C _L = 33μF	400 260			μV _{RMS}
Reference Voltage		1.240	1.228 1.215	1.252 1.265	V
Reference Voltage	(Note 8)`		1.203	1.277	V
Adjust Pin Bias Current		40		80 120	nA
Reference Voltage Temperature Coefficient	(Note 7)	20			ppm/°C
Adjust Pin Bias Current Temperature Coefficient		0.1			nA/°C
Flag Output (Error Comparator) B29152/53					
Output Leakage Current	V _{OH} = 26V	0.01		1.00 2.00	μA
Output Low Voltage	Device set for 5V. V _{IN} = 4.5V I _{OL} = 250μA	220		300 400	mV

Upper Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (Note 9)	60	40 25		mV
Lower Threshold Voltage	Device set for 5V (Note 9)	75		95 140	mV
Hysteresis	Device set for 5V (Note 9)	15			mV
ENABLE Input B29152/53					
Input Logic Voltage Low (OFF) High (ON)			2.4	0.8	V
Enable Pin Input Current	$V_{EN} = 26V$	100		600 750	V
	$V_{EN} = 0.8V$			2.5 5	μA
Regulator Output Current in Shutdown	(Note 10)	10		500	μA

NOTES:

The Bold specifications apply to the full operating temperature range.

Note 1: Maximum positive supply voltage of 60V must be of limited duration (<100msec) and duty cycle.) The maximum continuous supply voltage is 16V.

Note 2: Full load current (I_{FL}) is defined as 1.5A for the B29150/51/52/53.

Note 3: Dropout voltage is defined as the input-to output differential when the output voltage drops to 99% of its nominal value with $V_{OUT} + 1V$ applied to V_{IN} .

Note 4: $V_{IN} = V_{OUT (NOMINAL)} + 1V$. For example, use $V_{IN} = 4.3V$ for a 3.3V regulator. Employ pulse-testing procedures to minimize temperature rise.

Note 5: Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current. The total current drawn from the source is the sum of the load current to the ground current.

Note 6: Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage changed divided by the total temperature range.

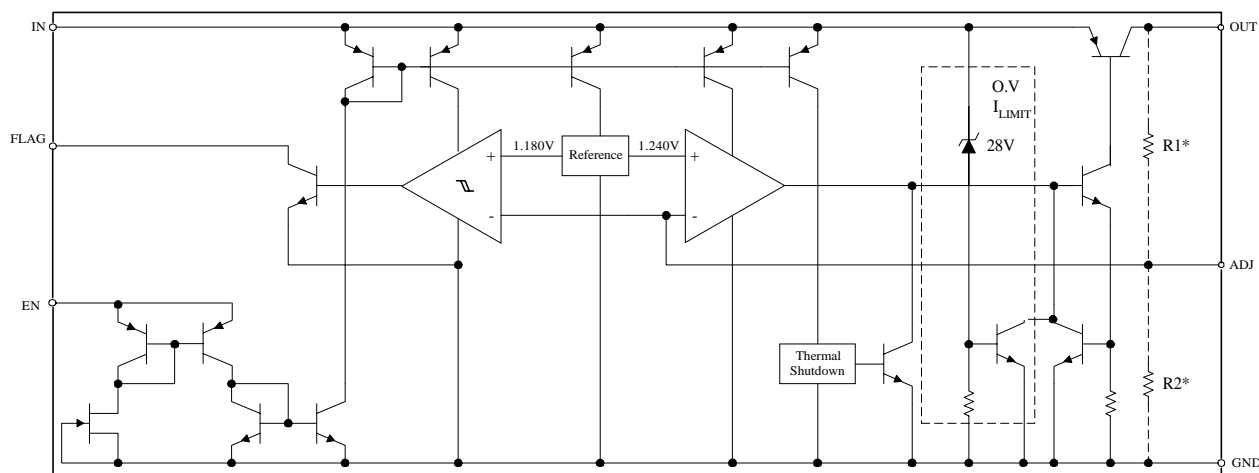
Note 7: Thermal regulation is defined as the change in the output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 200mA load pulse as $V_{IN} = 20V$ (a 4W pulse) for T = 10ms.

Note 8: $V_{REF} \leq V_{OUT} \leq (V_{IN} - 1)$, $2.3V \leq V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $10mA < I_L \leq I_{FL}$, $T_J \leq T_{JMAX}$

Note 9: Comparator threshold is expressed in terms of a voltage differential at the Adjust terminal below the nominal reference voltage measured 6V input. To express these thresholds in terms of output voltage change, multiply the error amplifier gain = $V_{OUT}/V_{REF} = (R1 + R2)/R2$. For example, at a programmable output voltage of 5V, the Error output is guaranteed to go low when the output drops by $95mV \times 5V / 1.240V = 38mV$. Threshold remains constant as a percent of V_{OUT} as V_{OUT} is varied, with the dropout warning occurring at typically 5% below nominal, 7.7% guaranteed.

Note 10: $V_{EN} \leq 0.8V$ and $V_{IN} \leq 16V$, $V_{OUT} = 0$.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



APPLICATION HINTS

The Bay Linear B29150/51/52/53 incorporates protection against over-current faults, reversed load insertion, over temperature operation, and positive and negative transient voltage. However, the use of an output capacitor is required in order to insure the stability and the performances.

Thermal Consideration

Although the B29150/51/52/53 offers limiting circuitry for overload conditions, it is necessary not to exceed the maximum junction temperature, and therefore to be careful about thermal resistance. The heat flow will follow the lowest resistance path, which is the Junction-to-case thermal resistance. In order to insure the best thermal flow of the component, a proper mounting is required. Note that the case of the device is electrically connected to the output. The case has to be electrically isolated, a thermally conductive spacer can be used. However do not forget to consider its contribution to thermal resistance.

Assuming:

$V_{IN} = 10V$, $V_{OUT} = 5V$, $I_{OUT} = 1.5A$, $T_A = 90^\circ C$, $\theta_{CASE} = 1^\circ C/W$ (no external heat sink, no wind)

Power dissipation under these conditions

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) * I_{OUT} = 7.5W$$

Junction Temperature

$$T_J = T_A + P_D * (\theta_{CASE} + \theta_{JC})$$

For the Control Section

$$T_J = 90^\circ C + 7.5W * (1^\circ C/W + 0.6^\circ C/W) = 102^\circ C$$

$$114^\circ C < T_{JUNCTION\ MAX} \text{ for the control section.}$$

For the Power Section

$$T_J = 90^\circ C + 7.5W * (1^\circ C/W + 1.6^\circ C/W) = 104.5^\circ C$$

$$109.5^\circ C < T_{JUNCTION\ MAX} \text{ for the power transistor.}$$

In both case reliable operation is insured by adequate junction temperature.

Capacitor Requirements

The output capacitor is needed for stability and to minimize the output noise. The required value of the capacitor varies with the load. However, a minimum value of 10 μF Aluminum will guarantee stability over load. A tantalum capacitor is recommended for a fast load transient response.

If the power source has high AC impedance, a 0.1 μF capacitor between input & ground is recommended. This capacitor should have good characteristics up to 250 kHz.

Minimum Load Current

To ensure a proper behavior of the regulator at light load, a minimum load of 5mA for B29150/51/52/53 is required.

Adjustable Regulator Design

B29152/53 are adjustable regulators and maybe programmed for any value between 1.25V and 16V using two resistors. The relation between the resistors is given by:

$$R_1 = R_2 (V_{OUT}/1.240 - 1)$$

Resistors have a large value up to 1m Ω in order to reduce the current consumption. This might be interesting in the case of widely varying load currents.

Error Flag

B29152/53 features an error indicating either an over current fault or a low input voltage. This flag pulls low when such a problem occurs and may sink 10mA. It is inoperative during thermal shutdown.

Enable Input

B29152/53 features enable input allowing turning ON & OFF the device. EN has been designed to be compatible with TTL/CMOS logic. When the regulator is ON, the current flowing through this pin is approximately 20 μA .

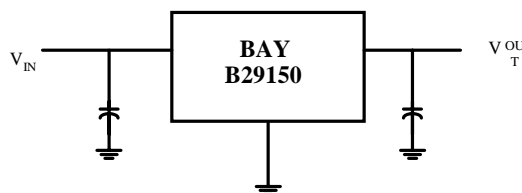


Fig.1 Basic Fixed Output Regulator

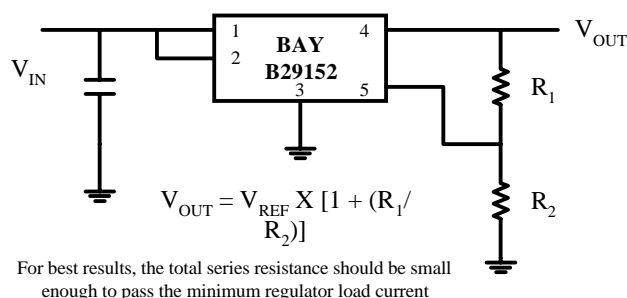


Fig. 2 Adjustable Output Voltage Regulator

Advance Information- These data sheets contain descriptions of products that are in development. The specifications are based on the engineering calculations, computer simulations and/or initial prototype evaluation.

Preliminary Information- These data sheets contain minimum and maximum specifications that are based on the initial device characterizations. These limits are subject to change upon the completion of the full characterization over the specified temperature and supply voltage ranges.

The application circuit examples are only to explain the representative applications of the devices and are not intended to guarantee any circuit design or permit any industrial property right to other rights to execute. Bay Linear takes no responsibility for any problems related to any industrial property right resulting from the use of the contents shown in the data book. Typical parameters can and do vary in different applications. Customer's technical experts must validate all operating parameters including "Typical" for each customer application.

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