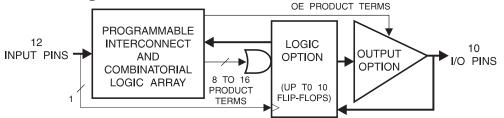
### Features

- Industry Standard Architecture
- 12 ns Maximum Pin-to-Pin Delay
- Zero Power - 25 µA Maximum Standby Power
- **CMOS and TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs**
- Advanced Electrically Erasable Technology • Reprogrammable 100% Tested
- Latch Feature Holds Inputs to Previous Logic State •
- **High Reliability CMOS Process** 20 Year Data Retention
  - 100 Erase/Write Cycles 2,000V ESD Protection 200 mA Latchup Immunity
- **Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges** •
- **Dual-in-Line and Surface Mount Packages in Standard Pinouts**

### Block Diagram





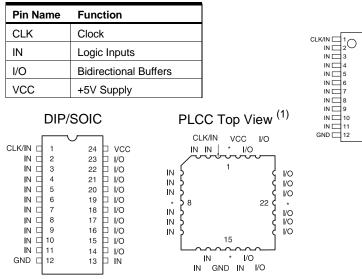
High Performance E<sup>2</sup> PLD

# ATF22V10CZ **Preliminary**

### Description

The ATF22V10CZ is a high performance CMOS (Electrically Erasable) Programmable Logic Device (PLD) which utilizes Atmel's proven electrically erasable Flash memory technology. Speeds down to 12 ns with zero standby power dissipation are offered. All speed ranges are specified over the full 5V ±10% range for industrial temperature ranges;  $5V \pm 5\%$  for commercial range 5-volt devices.

### **Pin Configurations**



### Note: 1. For PLCC, P1, P8, P15 and P22 can be left unconnected. Connect V<sub>CC</sub> to pin 1 and GND to 8, 15, and 22.



**TSSOP** Top View

24 🗖 VCC

\_\_\_\_ I/O 22

□ 1/O

16 1/0

15 1/0

23 1/0

21 □ 1/O

20 \_\_\_ I/O 19 1/0

18 17 \_\_\_\_ I/O

14 ⊐ I/O

13



The ATF22V10CZ provides a "zero" power CMOS PLD solution with 5V operating voltages. The ATF22V10CZ powers down automatically to the zero power mode through Atmel's patented Input Transition Detection (ITD) circuitry when the device is idle. The ATF22V10CZ has an edge-sensing power down feature, offering "zero" (25  $\mu$ A worst case) standby power. This feature allows the user to manage total system power to meet specific application requirements and enhance reliability. Pin "keeper"

circuits on input and output pins eliminate static power consumed by pull-up resistors.

The ATF22V10CZ incorporates a superset of the generic architectures, which allows direct replacement of the 22V10 family and most 24-pin combinatorial PLDs. Ten outputs are each allocated 8 to 16 product terms. Three different modes of operation, configured automatically with software, allow highly complex logic functions to be realized.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Temperature Under Bias	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature	65°C to +150°C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground	2.0V to +7.0V <sup>(1)</sup>
Voltage on Input Pins with Respect to Ground During Programming	2.0V to +14.0V <sup>(1)</sup>
Programming Voltage with Respect to Ground	2.0V to +14.0V <sup>(1)</sup>

- \*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- Note: 1. Minimum voltage is -0.6V dc, which may undershoot to -2.0V for pulses of less than 20 ns. Maximum output pin voltage is Vcc + 0.75V dc, which may overshoot to 7.0V for pulses of less than 20 ns.

### **DC and AC Operating Conditions**

	Commercial	Industrial
Operating Temperature (Case)	0°C - 70°C	-40°C - 85°C
V <sub>CC</sub> Power Supply	$5V \pm 5\%$	5V ± 10%

### **Functional Logic Diagram Description**

The Functional Logic Diagram describes the ATF22V10CZ architecture.

The ATF22V10CZ has 12 inputs and 10 I/O macrocells. Each macrocell can be configured into one of four output configurations: active high/low, registered/combinatorial output. The universal architecture of the ATF22V10CZ can be programmed to emulate most 24-pin PAL devices. Unused product terms are automatically disabled by the compiler to decrease power consumption. A Security Fuse, when programmed, protects the contents of the ATF22V10CZ. Eight bytes (64 fuses) of User Signature are accessible to the user for purposes such as storing project name, part number, revision or date. The User Signature is accessible regardless of the state of the Security Fuse.

### **DC Characteristics**

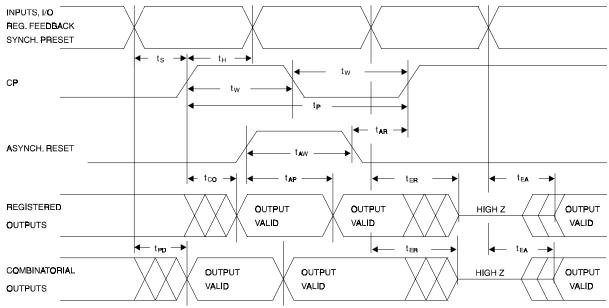
Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Units
١ <sub>IL</sub>	Input or I/O Low Leakage Current	$0 \le V_{IN} \le V_{IL}(max)$				-10	μA
Іін	Input or I/O High Leakage Current	$3.5 \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$				10	μA
Icc	Clocked Power Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, Outputs Open, f = 15 MHz	Com. Ind.		90 90	150 180	mA mA
I <sub>SB</sub>	Power Supply Current, Standby	V <sub>CC</sub> = MAX, V <sub>IN</sub> = MAX, Outputs Open	Com. Ind.		5 5	25 50	μΑ μΑ
los <sup>(1)</sup>	Output Short Circuit Current	Vout = 0.5V				-150	mA
VIL	Input Low Voltage			-0.5		0.8	V
VIH	Input High Voltage			2.0		V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.75	V
Vol	Output Low Voltage		Com. Ind.			0.5	V
Vон	Output High Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL},$ $V_{CC} = MIN,$ $I_{OH} = -4.0 \text{ mA}$		2.4			V

Note: 1. Not more than one output at a time should be shorted. Duration of short circuit test should not exceed 30 sec.





### **AC Waveforms**



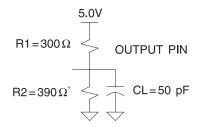
## AC Characteristics <sup>(1)</sup>

		-12		-15		
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
tPD	Input to Feedback to Non-Registered Output	3	12	3	15	ns
tCF	Clock to Feedback		6		4.5	ns
tco	Clock to Output	2	8	2	8	ns
ts	Input or Feedback Setup Time	10		10		ns
tн	Input Hold Time	0		0		ns
tP	Clock Period	12		12		ns
t <sub>W</sub>	Clock Width	6		6		ns
F <sub>MAX</sub>	External Feedback 1/(ts + tco) Internal Feedback 1/(ts + tcF) No Feedback 1/(tp)		55.5 62 83.3	55.5 69 83.3		MHz MHz MHz
tEA	Input to Output Enable - Product Term	3	12	3	15	ns
t <sub>ER</sub>	Input to Output Disable - Product Term	2	15	3	15	ns
tpzx	OE Pin to Output Enable	2	12	2	15	ns
tpxz	OE Pin to Output Disable	2	15	2	15	ns
t <sub>AP</sub>	Input or I/O to Asynchronous Reset of Register	3	10	3	15	ns
tsp	Setup Time, Synchronous Preset	10		10		ns
taw	Asynchronous Reset Width	7		8		ns
tar	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	5		6		ns
tspr	Synchronous Preset to Clock Recovery Time	10		10		ns

Note: 1. See ordering information for valid part numbers.

# Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Levels AC AC AC AC MEASUREMENT LEVELS 0.0V $t_r, t_f \leq 1.5 \text{ ns}$

### **Output Test Loads**



Note: Similar competitors' devices are specified with slightly different loads. These load differences may affect output signals' delay and slew rate. Atmel devices are tested with sufficient margins to meet compatible device specification conditions.

### **Pin Capacitance** (f = 1 MHz, T = $25^{\circ}$ C) <sup>(1)</sup>

	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
CIN	5	8	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$
Соит	6	8	pF	Vout = 0V

Note: 1. Typical values for nominal supply voltage. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.





### **Power Up Reset**

The registers in the ATF22V10CZ are designed to reset during power up. At a point delayed slightly from V<sub>CC</sub> crossing V<sub>RST</sub>, all registers will be reset to the low state. The output state will depend on the polarity of the buffer.

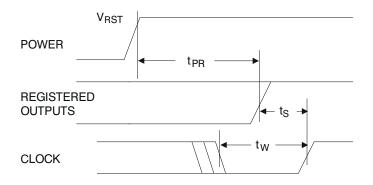
This feature is critical for state machine initialization. However, due to the asynchronous nature of reset and the uncertainty of how  $V_{CC}$  actually rises in the system, the following conditions are required:

- 1. The  $V_{CC}$  rise must be monotonic and start below 0.7V.
- 2. The clock must remain stable during TPR.

3. After  $T_{PR}$  occurs, all input and feedback setup times must be met before driving the clock pin high.

### **Preload of Register Outputs**

The ATF22V10CZ's registers are provided with circuitry to allow loading of each register with either a high or a low. This feature will simplify testing since any state can be forced into the registers to control test sequencing. A JEDEC file with preload is generated when a source file with vectors is compiled. Once downloaded, the JEDEC



file preload sequence will be done automatically by most of the approved programmers after the programming.

### **Electronic Signature Word**

There are 64 bits of programmable memory that are always available to the user, even if the device is secured. These bits can be used for user-specific data.

### **Security Fuse Usage**

A single fuse is provided to prevent unauthorized copying of the ATF22V10CZ fuse patterns. Once programmed, fuse verify and preload are inhibited. However, the 64-bit User Signature remains accessible. The security fuse should be programmed last, as its effect is immediate.

### **Programming/Erasing**

Programming/erasing is performed using standard PLD programmers. See CMOS PLD Programming Hardware & Software Support for information on software/programming.

Parameter	Description	Тур	Мах	Units
T <sub>PR</sub>	Power-Up Reset Time	600	1,000	ns
V <sub>RST</sub>	Power-Up Reset Voltage	3.8	4.5	V

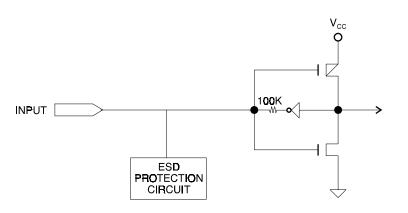
ATF22V10CZ

### Input and I/O Pull-Ups

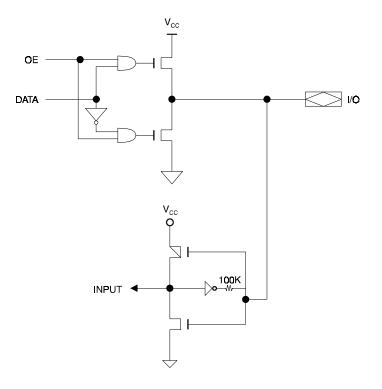
All ATF22V10CZ family members have internal input and I/O pin-keeper circuits. Therefore, whenever inputs or I/Os are not being driven externally, they will maintain their last driven state. This ensures that all logic array inputs

and device outputs are at known states. These are relatively weak active circuits that can be easily overridden by TTL-compatible drivers (see input and I/O diagrams below).

### **Input Diagram**



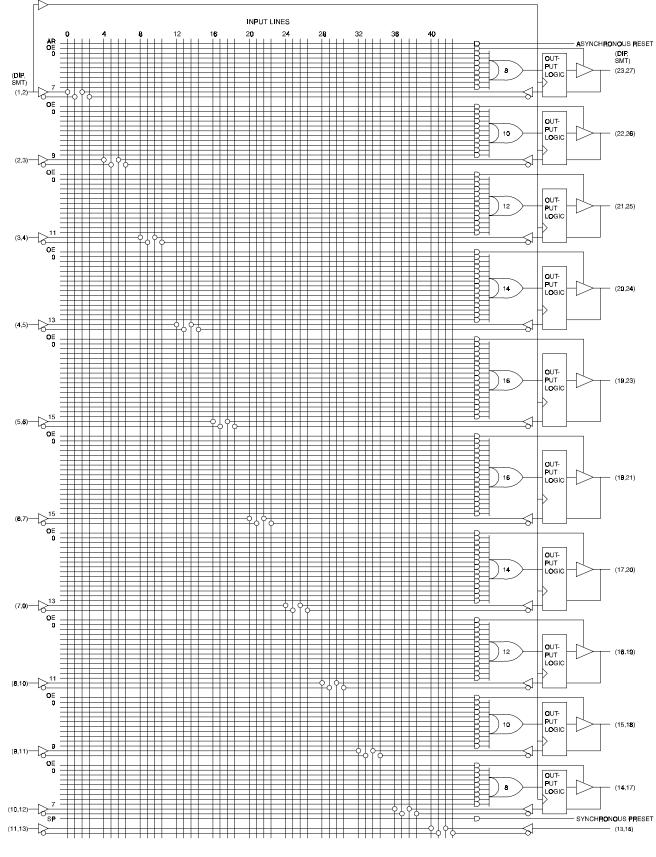
### I/O Diagram







### Functional Logic Diagram ATF22V10CZ





t <sub>PD</sub> (ns)	ts (ns)	tco (ns)	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
12	10	8	ATF22V10CZ-12JC ATF22V10CZ-12PC ATF22V10CZ-12SC ATF22V10CZ-12XC	28J 24P3 24S 24X	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
15	4.5	8	ATF22V10CZ-15JC ATF22V10CZ-15PC ATF22V10CZ-15SC ATF22V10CZ-15XC	28J 24P3 24S 24X	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
	4.5	8	ATF22V10CZ-15JI ATF22V10CZ-15PI ATF22V10CZ-15SI ATF22V10CZ-15XI	28J 24P3 24S 24X	Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)

	Package Type
28J	28-Lead, Plastic J-Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
24P3	24-Lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (DIP)
24S	24-Lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull WIng Small Outline (SOIC)
24X	24-Lead, 4.4 mm Wide, Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline (TSSOP)

