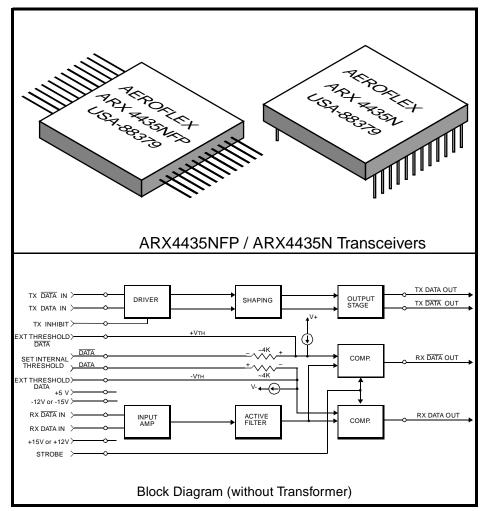


Features

Preliminary

- ARX4435N transceiver meets Macair H009 data bus specifications
- Transmitter can be used to drive clock signal line
- Operates with ±15 Volts to ±12 Volts power supplies
- Low power direct replacement for CT1641 and CT1816 devices
- Voltage source output for higher bus drive power
- Plug-in and flat package available
- Monolithic construction using linear ASICs
- Processed and screened to MIL-STD-883 specs
- MIL-PRF-38534 compliant devices available





General Description

The Aeroflex Laboratories Incorporated model ARX4435N and ARX4435NFP are new generation monolithic transceivers which provides compliance with Macair H009 data bus requirements.

The ARX4435N and ARX4435NFP perform the front-end analog function of inputting and outputting data through a transformer to a H009 data bus.

Design of these transceivers reflects particular attention to active filter performance. This results in low bit and word error rate with superior waveform purity and minimal zero crossover distortion. The ARX4435N series active filter design has additional high frequency roll-off to provide the required low harmonic distortion waveform without increasing the delay characteristics significantly.

Efficient transmitter electrical and thermal design results in low internal power dissipation and temperature rise at high and low duty cycle.

Transmitter

The Transmitter section accepts complementary TTL data at the input, and when coupled to the data bus with a 1:1 transformer, isolated on the transceiver side with two 35 Ohm fault isolation resistors, and loaded by a 170 Ohm termination, the data bus signal produced is 20 Volts nominal P-P at A-A'. (See Figure 5.) When both DATA and DATA inputs are held low or high, the transmitter output impedance is low, and signal is "removed" from the line. In addition,

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an overriding "INHIBIT" input returns the output impedance to a high state. A logic "1" applied to the "INHIBIT" takes priority over the condition of the data inputs and disables the transmitter (See Transmitter Logic Waveforms, Figure 1).

The transmitter utilizes an active filter to suppress harmonics above 1 MHz to meet H009 Macair specifications. The transmitter may be safely operated for an indefinite period with the output short circuited at 100% duty cycle.

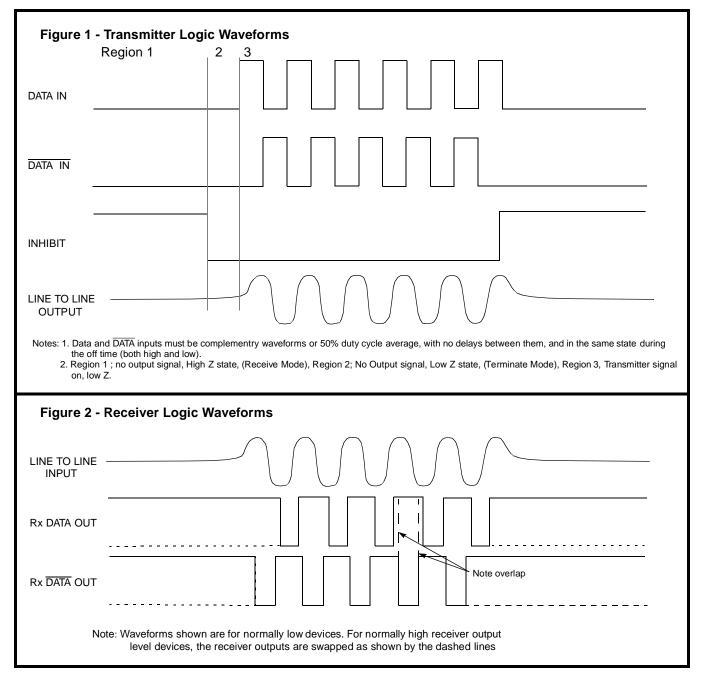
Receiver

The Receiver section accepts bi-phase differential data at the input and produces two TTL signals at the output. The outputs are DATA and DATA, and

represent positive and negative excursions of the input beyond a pre-determined threshold (See Receiver Logic Waveforms, Figure 2).

The internal threshold is nominally set to detect data bus signals exceeding 1.05 Volts P-P and reject signals less than 0.6 Volts P-P when used with a 1:1 turns ratio transformer (See Figure 5 for transformer data and typical connection).

A low level at the Strobe input inhibits the DATA and $\overline{\text{DATA}}$ outputs. If unused, a 2K pull-up to +5 Volts is recommended.



Absolute Maximum Ratings							
Operating case temperature	-55°C to +125°C						
Storage case temperature	-65°C to +150 °C						
Power supply Voltages	±15 V P.S. to ±18V MAX +5 V P.S. to +7V M						
Logic input Voltage	-0.3 V to +5.5 V						
Receiver differential input	±40 V						
Receiver input voltage (common mode)	±10V						
Driver peak output current	150 mA						
Total package power dissipation over the full operating case temperature range	3.0 Watts						
Maximum junction to case temperature rise (100 % duty cycle)	15°C						
Junction-Case thermal resistance	5°C/W						

Electrical Characteristics, Transmitter Section

Input Characteristics, TX DATA in or TX DATA in

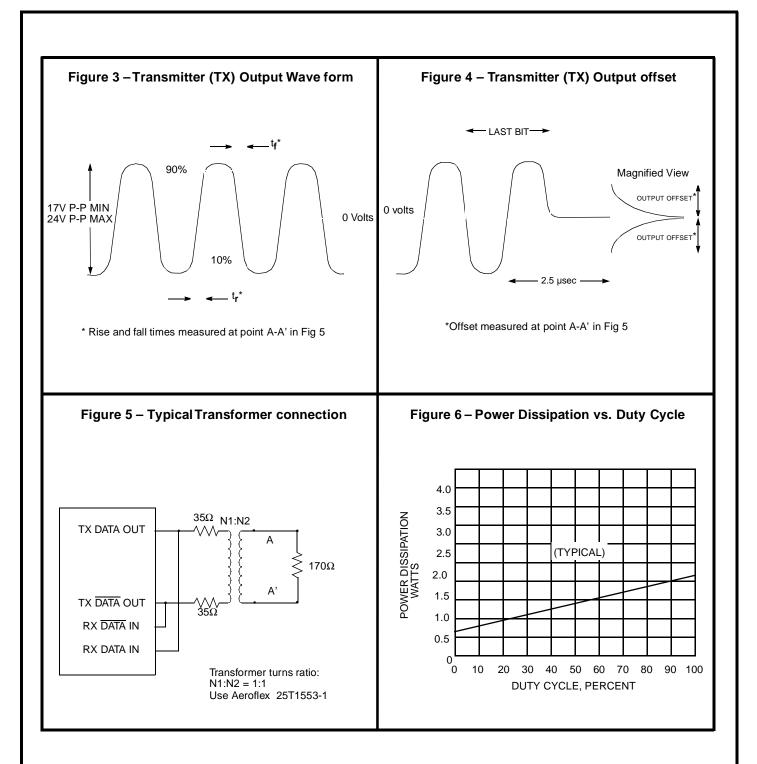
Parameter	Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
"0" Input Current	$V_{IN} = 0.4 V$	l _{ILD}		-0.2	-0.4	mA
"1" Input Current	V _{IN} = 2.7 V	I _{IHD}		1.0	40	μA
"0" Input Voltage		V _{IHD}			0.7	V
"1" Input Voltage		V _{IHD}	2.0			V

Inhibit Characteristics

"0" Input Current	V _{IN} =0.4V	l _{ILI}		-0.2	-0.4	mA
"1" Input Current	V _{IN} =2.7V	I _{IHI}		1.0	40	μA
"0" Input Voltage		V _{ILI}			0.7	V
"1" Input Voltage		V _{IHI}	2			V
Delay from TX inhibit($0\rightarrow 1$) to inhibited output	Note 1	^t dxoff		350	700	nS
Delay from TX inhibit, $(1\rightarrow 0)$ to active output	Note 1	^t dxon		200	500	nS
Differential output noise, inhibit mode		V _{NOI}		0.8	10	mV p-p
Differential output impedance (inhibited)	Note 2	Z _{OI}	10K			Ω
Output Characteristics						
Differential output level, pt A-A on Fig. 5	R _L =170 Ω	Vo	17	21	24	V р-р
Rise and fall times		tr	200		300	nS

(10% to 90% of p-p output), pt A-A on Fig. 5		t _r	200		300	nS
Output offset at pt A-A on Fig. 5, 2.5 μ S after midpoint crossing of the last bit	R _L =170 Ω	V _{os}			±265	mV peak
Delay from 50% point of TX DATA or TX DATA input to zero crossing of differen- tial signal. (note1)		^t отх		220	350	nS

f= 1MHz	7	7			-		
4	-	1MHz Z _{In}		20K			Ω
		VI	DR			40	V р-р
Note 1		VI	CR	10			V р-р
		CM	IRR	40			dB
nibits outp	out)						
V _S =0.4 V	/	I	IL		-0.2	-0.4	mA
V _s =2.7 V	/	I	н		1.0	+40	μA
		V	′IL			0.7	V
		V	ін	2.0			V
Note 1.					150	nS	
input)						1 1	
. /	ИНz	z V _{TH}		0.60	0.80	1.15	V _{P-P}
K resistor to		V _{TH}	(EXT)	1.9	2.2	2.5	V _{P-P}
	1					,	
I _{он} =-0.4	mA	V	он	2.5	3.6		V
l _{oL} = 4 m/	A	V _{ol}			0.35	0.5	V
		t _{DRX}			275	450	nS
lies set at +	+15\ V		V, +5\	/) -V IEE			5V IL
ТҮР	М	AX	TYF	2	MAX	ТҮР	MAX
5mA	10)mA	25m	A	35mA		
20mA	30)mA	40m	A	60mA	25m4	35mA
40mA	60)mA	60m	A	80mA	2011/1	0011/
85mA	12	0mA	105n	אר A	140mA		
e Range							
e Range			+11.4	Volts t	o +15.75	Volts	
	Point A-A Figure 5 nibits outp $V_s=0.4 \vee$ $V_s=2.7 \vee$ Note 1. 100KHz-1N K resistor to RX DATA $I_{0H} = -0.4$ $I_{0L} = 4 m$ $I_{0L} = 4 m$ $I_{0L} = 4 m$ $I_{0L} = 4 m$	Point A-A on Figure 5 Tibits output) $V_s=0.4 V$ $V_s=2.7 V$ Note 1. Note 1. 100KHz-1MHz 100KHz-1MHz K resistor to K resistor to K resistor to K resistor to Fower Data $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OL} = 4 m$	Point A-A on Figure 5CMPoint Soutput)CM $V_S=0.4 \vee$ I $V_S=0.4 \vee$ I $V_S=2.7 \vee$ I V VNote 1. V_S Input)V100KHz-1MHz V_{TH} V_{TH} V_{TH} IO0KHz-1MHz V_{TH} IOH =-0.4 mA V_0 IOL = 4 mA <td>Point A-A on Figure 5CMRRPoint A-A on Figure 5CMRRIbits output)CMRR$\vee_{s}=0.4 \vee$I I I Vs=2.7 $\vee$$\vee_{s}=2.7 \vee$I IH$\vee_{s}=2.7 \veeVil\vee_{s}=2.7 \vee$$\vee_{s}=2.7 \vee$<!--</td--><td>Point A-A on Figure 5CMRR40hibits output)$V_{s}=0.4 \vee$$I_{L}$$V_{s}=0.4 \vee$$I_{L}$$V_{s}=2.7 \vee$$I_{H}2.0V_{s}=2.7 \vee$$V_{IL}$2.0Note 1.$V_{sD}$2.0Note 1.$t_{sD}$1100KHz-1MHz$V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}1.9Power Data$$V_{OH}2.5I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$$V_{OH}2.5I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$$V_{OL}1V_{TH}$$V_{OL}1V_{DK}$$t_{DRX}$$V_{OL}$$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$$V_{OL}1V_{ICC}$$I_{EE}$$I_{OH}$$I_{OH}$$V_{IEE}$$I_{OL}$$V_{IEE}$$V_{IEEE$$I_{OL}$$I_{OH}$</td><td>Point A-A on Figure 5CMRR40Ibits output$V_{s}=0.4 \vee$$I_{IL}-0.2V_{s}=2.7 \vee$$I_{IH}1.0V_{iL}1.0V_{iL}$2.0Note 1.$V_{IH}$2.0Note 1.$t_{SD}$1IOOKHZ-1MHZ$V_{TH}$0.600.80OK resistor to$V_{TH(EXT)}$1.92.2IOATAIOH =-0.4 mA$V_{OH}$2.53.6$t_{OH}$$V_{OL}$0.35ION FORX275POwer Data Icc$t_{DRX}$$-V$275IPOWER Data+V$-V$IEEICC$-V$IEETYPMAXTYPMAXA 10mA25mA20mA30mA40mA60mA40mA60mA</td><td>Point A-A on Figure 5 CMRR 40 I I $V_{g}=0.4 \vee$ I_{IL} -0.2 -0.4 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} -0.2 -0.4 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} $I.0$ $+40$ $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 0.7 $Note 1.$ V_{IH} 2.0 150 $I00KHz-1MHz$ V_{TH} 0.60 0.80 1.15 PK resistor to $V_{TH(EXT)$ 1.9 2.2 2.5 $I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 3.6 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 3.6 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 450 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} $-V$ 2.75 450 0.7</td></td>	Point A-A on Figure 5CMRRPoint A-A on Figure 5CMRRIbits output)CMRR $\vee_{s}=0.4 \vee$ I I I Vs=2.7 \vee $\vee_{s}=2.7 \vee$ I IH $\vee_{s}=2.7 \vee$ Vil $\vee_{s}=2.7 \vee$ </td <td>Point A-A on Figure 5CMRR40hibits output)$V_{s}=0.4 \vee$$I_{L}$$V_{s}=0.4 \vee$$I_{L}$$V_{s}=2.7 \vee$$I_{H}2.0V_{s}=2.7 \vee$$V_{IL}$2.0Note 1.$V_{sD}$2.0Note 1.$t_{sD}$1100KHz-1MHz$V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}0.60V_{TH}1.9Power Data$$V_{OH}2.5I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$$V_{OH}2.5I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$$V_{OL}1V_{TH}$$V_{OL}1V_{DK}$$t_{DRX}$$V_{OL}$$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$$V_{OL}1V_{ICC}$$I_{EE}$$I_{OH}$$I_{OH}$$V_{IEE}$$I_{OL}$$V_{IEE}$$V_{IEEE$$I_{OL}$$I_{OH}$</td> <td>Point A-A on Figure 5CMRR40Ibits output$V_{s}=0.4 \vee$$I_{IL}-0.2V_{s}=2.7 \vee$$I_{IH}1.0V_{iL}1.0V_{iL}$2.0Note 1.$V_{IH}$2.0Note 1.$t_{SD}$1IOOKHZ-1MHZ$V_{TH}$0.600.80OK resistor to$V_{TH(EXT)}$1.92.2IOATAIOH =-0.4 mA$V_{OH}$2.53.6$t_{OH}$$V_{OL}$0.35ION FORX275POwer Data Icc$t_{DRX}$$-V$275IPOWER Data+V$-V$IEEICC$-V$IEETYPMAXTYPMAXA 10mA25mA20mA30mA40mA60mA40mA60mA</td> <td>Point A-A on Figure 5 CMRR 40 I I $V_{g}=0.4 \vee$ I_{IL} -0.2 -0.4 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} -0.2 -0.4 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} $I.0$ $+40$ $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 0.7 $Note 1.$ V_{IH} 2.0 150 $I00KHz-1MHz$ V_{TH} 0.60 0.80 1.15 PK resistor to $V_{TH(EXT)$ 1.9 2.2 2.5 $I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 3.6 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 3.6 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 450 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} $-V$ 2.75 450 0.7</td>	Point A-A on Figure 5CMRR40hibits output) $V_{s}=0.4 \vee$ I_{L} $V_{s}=0.4 \vee$ I_{L} $V_{s}=2.7 \vee$ I_{H} 2.0 $V_{s}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IL} 2.0Note 1. V_{sD} 2.0Note 1. t_{sD} 1100KHz-1MHz V_{TH} 0.60 V_{TH} 0.60 V_{TH} 0.60 V_{TH} 0.60 V_{TH} 1.9 $Power Data$ V_{OH} 2.5 $I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OH} 2.5 $I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 1 V_{TH} V_{OL} 1 V_{DK} t_{DRX} V_{OL} $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 1 V_{ICC} I_{EE} I_{OH} I_{OH} V_{IEE} I_{OL} V_{IEE} V_{IEEE I_{OL} I_{OH}	Point A-A on Figure 5CMRR40Ibits output $V_{s}=0.4 \vee$ I_{IL} -0.2 $V_{s}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} 1.0 V_{iL} 1.0 V_{iL} 2.0Note 1. V_{IH} 2.0Note 1. t_{SD} 1IOOKHZ-1MHZ V_{TH} 0.600.80OK resistor to $V_{TH(EXT)}$ 1.92.2IOATAIOH =-0.4 mA V_{OH} 2.53.6 t_{OH} V_{OL} 0.35ION FORX275POwer Data Icc t_{DRX} $-V$ 275IPOWER Data+V $-V$ IEEICC $-V$ IEETYPMAXTYPMAXA 10mA25mA20mA30mA40mA60mA40mA60mA	Point A-A on Figure 5 CMRR 40 I I $V_{g}=0.4 \vee$ I_{IL} -0.2 -0.4 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} -0.2 -0.4 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} $I.0$ $+40$ $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ I_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 $V_{g}=2.7 \vee$ V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 V_{IH} 2.0 0.7 0.7 $Note 1.$ V_{IH} 2.0 150 $I00KHz-1MHz$ V_{TH} 0.60 0.80 1.15 PK resistor to $V_{TH(EXT)$ 1.9 2.2 2.5 $I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 3.6 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 3.6 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} 2.5 450 0.5 $I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ V_{OL} $-V$ 2.75 450 0.7

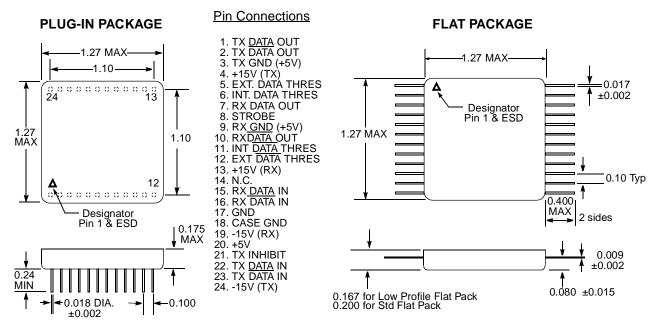


Notes:

- 1. Characteristics guaranteed by design, not production tested.
- 2. Measured at 1mHz at point A-A', power on or off.
- 3. Specifications apply over the temperature range of -55°C to +125°C (case temperature) unless otherwise noted.
- 4. All typical values are measured at +25°C.



Package Configurations and Pinouts



Notes 1. Dimensions shown are in inches.

2. Pins are equally spaced at 0.100±0.002 tolerance non-cumulative each row.

Configurations and Ordering Information

Model No.	DESC No.	Receiver Data level	Case	Specs.
ARX4435N	To Be Assigned	Normally High	Plug In	H009 Macair
ARX4435N-FP	To Be Assigned	Normally High	Flat Pack	H009 Macair

The information contained in this data sheet is believed to be accurate; however, Aeroflex Laboratories Incorporated assumes no responsibility for its use, and no license or rights are granted by implication or otherise in connection therewith.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

Aeroflex Circuit Technology 35 South Service Road Plainview New York 11803 www.aeroflex.com Telephone: (516) 694-6700 FAX: (516) 694-6715 Toll Free Inquiries: (800) 843-1553 E-Mail: sales-act@aeroflex.com